Thesis Reports Lewis, M.E.

PLANT COMMUNITIES OF THE JARBIDGE MOUNTAIN COMPLEX

HUMBOLDT NATIONAL FOREST

Compiled for U.S. Forest Service Intermountain Region

1975

Mont E. Lewis

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PLANT COMMUNITIES OF THE JARBIDGE MOUNTAIN COMPLEX

I. INTRODUCTION

This report covers reconnaissance studies of the vegetation and plant communities of Jarbidge Mountain Complex of northern Elko County, Nevada, made during the summer of 1974. It includes all of the Jarbidge Ranger District and a large part of the Mountain City Ranger District. The Independence Mountains of the latter District were not included.

The purpose of the study and the report is to bring together known information and to gather additional vegetation information for use in future land use planning and range analysis studies. Over 500 plant species are listed as well as 21 plant communities. Additional information will be gathered this summer (1975) to round out the report.

The method of vegetation classification follows the principles developed by Daubenmire (1968-1970). Use was also made of vegetation studies made by Pfister (1972), Steel et al (1974), Schlatterer (1972), Reed (1969), Winward (1970), and Lewis (1971).

Species nomenclature followed the checklists of Holmgren and Reveal's (1966) generally. Floras and keys were Hitchcock et al (1955, 1959, 1961, 1964, 1969), A. S. Hitchcock (1950), Holmgren (1937), Hitchcock & Cronquist (1973), and Hermann (1970).

A reconnaissance type of field study was done; 87 macroplots were analyzed by an ocular method where each of the species were listed under one of six categories. Production based on these categories were 1 (50-100%), 2 (26-50%), 3 (13-25%), 4 (6-12%), 5 (1-5%), and 6 (under 1%). Use was also made of soil-vegetation site studies made by 0. C. Olson, John Arnold, W. R. Mitchell, Gerald F. Horton, Lowell E. Horton, and M. E. Lewis.

II. PLANT COMMUNITIES

A. Sagebrush communities make up a large percentage of the vegetation of the study unit. Sagebrush in some form extends from the valleys to over 8500 feet in elevation. In some areas sagebrush forms a part of a mosaic with other plant communities. Both the low growing and big sagebrush communities are represented in the sagebrush complex. The low growing sagebrush are found on the shallower, strongly structured soils while the big sagebrush is found on the deeper, weaker structured soils.

Fosberg (1963), in his study of genesis of soils associated with low and big sagebrush, found that low sagebrush vegetation types were restricted to soils with a clay "B" horizon or on bedrock occurring within 13 inches of the surface. Conversely, big sagebrush types were found on soils with clay pan or bedrock below 14 inches.

Fosberg also found that where Agropyron spicatum was the dominant associated species, precipitation was between 11 and 13 inches. Festuca idahoensis was found where precipitation was over 15 inches. Fosberg's study was made in Twin Falls County, Idaho, which is in close proximity to the Jarbidge Study Unit.

Both the big sagebrush and the low growing sagebrush are further divided into their subspecies or varieties for determination of plant communities or habitat types. The sagebrush taxon plus the associated species are used to define the specific plant community.

1. Low growing sagebrush communities

Artemisia longiloba, alkali sagebrush; A. arbuscula var. arbuscula, low sagebrush; and A. arbuscula nova, black sagebrush are the taxon used as a basis for determination of low growing sagebrush communities. The chief herbaceous species associated with each of the sagebrush species and varieties determines the habitat type or community.

a. Artemisia arbuscula arbuscula/Agropyron spicatum h.t.

ARAR/AGSP h.t. was found on the dryer sites with the low sagebrush complex. It was not as common as the ARARA/FEID h.t. and was confined generally to gravelly or stony soils on the dryest exposures. There is a gradual transition to the ARAR/FEID h.t. as the moisture situation improves or the temperature is cooler.

Abundant Species

Artemisia arbuscula arbuscula

Agropyron spicatum

Frequent Species

Eriogonum caespitosum
E. microthecum
Penstemon deustus
Potentilla gracilis
Castilleja flava

Danthonia unispicata Erigeron aphanactis Purshia tridentata Poa sandbergii Aster scopulorum

High elevation (White Elephant Butte)

Frequent Species

Astragalus whitneyi
A. purshii
Penstemon rydbergii varians
Phlox hoodii
Chaenactis douglasii montana

Lewisia rediviva Erigeron chrysopsidis Senecio canus Antennaria microphylla

b. Artemisia arbuscula arbuscula/Festuca idahoensis h.t.

This is the most common low sagebrush h.t. and was found commonly on the lower slopes of the mountain.

It is found generally on soils with a heavy "B" horizon or other restrictive layers. The "A" horizon is thin (2"-4"). Most of the roots except a few coarse ones were found in the top 6"-12". Exceptions to these soil characteristics were found at higher elevations where plentiful roots were found to a depth of 18" to 23". The dryness of the sites (exposed to winds) was thought determined the type of vegetation at this high elevation.

The low sagebrush sites are low forage producers. Production is generally between 400 to 500 pounds of airdry herbage per acre of which 35 to 50 percent is sagebrush.

Major Species

Abundant Species

Artemisia arbuscula arbuscula

Festuca idahoensis

Frequent Species

Agropyron spicatum
Poa sandbergii
Stipa thurberiana
Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus
Crepis acuminata
Phlox longifolia
Erigeron aphanactis
E. caespitosus
Penstemon rydbergii varians
Wyethia amplexicaulis

Sitanion hystrix
Danthonia spicata
Eriogonum microthecum
E. caespitosum
E. heracleoides
E. strictum
Castilleja flava
Mertensia oblongifolia
Lupinus laxiflorus

c. Artemisia arbuscula var. nova/Sitanion hystrix h.t.

Only one study site of three transects was available for the black sagebrush type. This was on the flats east of White Elephant Butte. Soils were similar to the low sagebrush types as was the herbage production (the average production of the three transects was 426 pounds of airdry herbage per acre).

Major Species

Abundant Species

Artemisia arbuscula nova

Sitanion hystrix

Frequent Species

Stipa thurberiana
Poa sandbergii
Artemisia arbuscula arbuscula
Penstemon deustus
Castilleja chromosa
Crepis acuminata

Eriogonum microthecum Erigeron aphanactis Phlox longifolia Cordylanthus capitatus Comandra umbellata

d. Artemisia longiloba community

This species was found to be growing on Sunflower Flat area and was generally associated with <u>Festuca idahoensis</u>. Ed Schlatterer also observed the species in the Pole Creek area. Further study will be necessary before a habitat type can be suggested.

2. Big sagebrush plant communities

Big sagebrush plant communities are common over much of the study area. Two big sagebrush subspecies are basic in the determination of the communities or habitat types. The subspecies in combination with the associated species define three habitat types and one community of uncertain definition.

Basin big sagebrush or Artemisia tridentata ssp. tridentata and mountain big sagebrush A. tridentata ssp. vaseyana are the big sagebrush taxon studied. The following habitat types and one unclassified community follow:

a. Basin big sagebrush

Only one habitat type was recognized. Artemisia tridentata tridentata/Agropyron spicatum h.t. This plant community was found on the deeper alluvial soils along drainageways and toe slopes from the lower to moderate elevations. It was the least plentiful sagebrush community of the study area. Seven plots

in the type were studied on the Mountain City Ranger District. Five of the plots were in good condition and two were poor. General observation was made also along roads where remnants of the type were found in fields where it received protection from grazing during the crop growing season. Here a vigorous growth of sagebrush and bluebunch wheatgrass was observed.

Basin big sagebrush is characterized by its tall, single stem growth form and its long narrow leaves. Schlatterer (1973).

The dominant species of the <u>tridentata</u> h.t. are <u>A. tridentata</u> tridentata and <u>Agropyron spicatum</u> where the type has not been damaged by heavy grazing.

Frequent Species

Elymus cinereus Poa sandbergii Geranium spp. Lupinus caudatus Penstemon rydbergii varians Phlox longifolia Eriogonum heracleoides

Other Important Species

Purshia tridentata Potentilla gracilis Frasera speciosa Crepis acuminata Leptodactylon pungens Lithospermum ruderale Balsamorhiza sagittata

Some Festuca idahoensis was found on north slopes.

b. Mountain big sagebrush types

Artemisia tridentata ssp. vaseyana is the major big sagebrush of the study area. The major associated species is determined by aspect generally. Agropyron spicatum is found on the warmer, dryer sites (south and west aspects) and Festuca idahoensis on the cooler, more mesic north and east aspects. At the higher elevations tall forbs and such grasses as Bromus marginatus and Agropyron trachycaulum are the important associates with the sagebrush. Symphoricarpos oreophilus is a common shrub throughout all of the mountain sagebrush types.

The soils of the vaseyana types are generally moderately deep with relatively thick "A" horizon. Productivity of the sites depend largely on the amount of feeding space for the roots. For example, a site with a soil depth of 15" over a highly fractured limy shale had a production of about 200 pounds of airdry forage per acre in a ARTRV/AGSP type. On an ARTRV/FEID type where the soil depth to a highly weathered granitic rock was 48 inches, the production was 1300 pounds per acre. Where Elymus cinereus made up a high percentage of the herbage of a

site, production may exceed 1600 pounds per acre. As a guide for production estimates the following figures may be useful:

ARTRV/AGSP type 600 to 1000 pounds
ARTRV/ELiCI type 1200 to 1700 pounds
ARTRV/FEID type 900 to 1300 pounds
ARTRV/Tall forb type 1500 to 1800 pounds

Associated plant species of the mountain big sagebrush types are quite comparable but with enough difference to warrant separate listing.

(1) Artemisia tridentata ssp. vaseyana/Agropyron spicatum h.t.

Abundant Species

Artemisia tridentata

Agropyron spicatum

Frequent Species

Elymus cinereus
Poa sandbergii
Crepis acuminata
Gilia aggregata
Penstemon rydbergii varians
Astragalus filipes
Symphoricarpos oreophilus
Tetradymia canescens

Festuca ovina
Lupinus caudatus
Balsamorhiza sagittata
Lithospermum ruderale
Castilleja flava
Linum lewisii
Eriogonum strictum
Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus
lanceolatus

(2) Artemisia tridentata ssp. vaseyana/Festuca idahoensis h.t.

Abundant Species

Artemisia tridentata vaseyana

Festuca idahoensis Lupinus laxiflorus

Frequent Species

Agropyron spicatum

Elymus cinereus
Geranium fremontii
G. viscosissimum
Senecio integerrimus
Balsamorhiza sagittata
Hackelia patens
H. spp. (micrantha & floribunda)
Castilleja flava
Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus
lanceolatus
Symphoricarpos oreophilus
Rosa woodsii
Ribes cereum

Melica bulbosa
Carex vallicola
Eriogonum heracleoides
Penstemon rydbergii varians
P. watsonii
Crepis acuminata
Eriogonum strictum
Wyethia amplexicaulis
Microseris nutans
Paeonia brownii
Allium acuminatum
Leptodactylon pungens
Amelanchier alnifolius
Purshia tridentata

(3) Artemisia tridentata ssp. vasevana/Forb-Bromus marginatus h.t.

Abundant Species

Artemisia tridentata vaseyana

Frequent Species

Bromus marginatus
Melica bulbosa
Agastache urticifolia
Lomatium dissectum
Hackelia micrantha
Lupinus spp.

Elymus cinereus
Agropyron trachycaulum
Stipa columbiana
Symphoricarpos oreophilus
Potentilla glandulosa
Phacelia sericea

Occasional Species

Aster integrifolia
Castilleja flava
Phacelia Famosissima ramosissima
P. heterophila
Helianthella uniflora
Senecio serra

Wyethia amplexicaulis Balsamorhiza sagittata Aster perelegans Stipa columbiana Castilleja miniata

B. Other Shrub Communities

Three other shrub groups occurring in the sagebrush zone are the bitterbrush (Purshia tridentata), snowbrush (Ceanothus velutinus) and curlleaf mahogany (Cercocarpus ledifolius). Yellowbrush (Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus var. lanceolatus also occurs as the principal shrub but it is considered as a phase of a sagebrush community - perhaps fire induced.

1. Bitterbrush community

Bitterbrush is often a constituent of big sagebrush types where it may occur occasionally. It also occurs where it is the dominant shrub of the type. These sites could have been old burns. In the study area two bitterbrush communities were studied. In both of these sites Festuca idahoensis was the major constituent of the understory. The associated species were the same as in the corresponding sagebrush type.

Purshia tridentata/Festuca idahoensis community

Abundant Species

Purshia tridentata

Festuca idahoensis

Frequent Species

Eriogonum heracleoides Artemisia tridentata Elymus cinereus Geranium fremontii Penstemon spp. Lupinus spp.

Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus Eriogonum strictum E. umbellatum Phlox longifolia Agropyron spicatum

2. Snowbush community

There are some rather extensive areas of snowbrush (<u>Ceanothus</u> velutinus) on the study area. Some large types are found on the mid and higher slopes of Merritt Mountain.

Snowbrush grows in such dense stands that the associated species make up only a small percentage of the herbage. Tall forbs and upland grasses are the important associated species.

Frequent Species

Helianthella uniflora
Eriogonum heracleoides
Agropyron trachycaulum
Aster perelegans

Symphoricarpos oreophilus Berberis repens Poa spp. Aster chilensis

Occasional Species

Balsamorhiza sagittata
Sitanion hystrix
Senecio cymbalarioides
Cercocarpus ledifolius
Lithospermum ruderale
Agastache urticifolia
Stipa columbiana
Senecio serra
Descurainia richardsonii
Aquilegia formosa
Prunus virginiana

Penstemon spp.
Carex rossii
Senecio integerrimus
Amelanchier alnifolia
Hackelia micrantha
Potentilla glandulosa
Bromus marginatus
Osmorhiza occidentalis
Potentilla gracilis
Mertensia ciliata

3. Curlleaf mahogany communities

Curlleaf mahogany (Ceanothus ledifolius) is quite common in the study area. It is found generally on rocky outcrops, often limestone, where fracturing allows mahogany roots to penetrate where soils are patchy and shallow. It was also found growing on relatively deep soils on north slopes.

Two plant communities were recognized in the curlleaf mahogany type, Cercocarpus ledifolius/Agropyron spicatum community on the rock outcrops and shallower soils and Cercocarpus ledifolius/Prunus virginiana community on deeper soils and generally north slopes.

A similar situation was found on the Ruby Mountains (Lewis 1971).

a. Cercocarpus ledifolius/Agropyron spicatum community

Abundant Species

Cercocarpus ledifolius Balsamorhiza sagittata

Agropyron spicatum

Frequent Species

Symphoricarpos oreophilus Hackelia patens Stipa lettermanii Amelanchier alnifolia

Occasional Species

Penstemon rydbergii varians Sitanion hystrix Prunus virginiana Elymus cinereus Haplopappus acaulis Castilleja sp.
Phacelia heracleoides
Poa nevadensis
Arenaria aculeata
Stipa thurberiana

b. Cercocarpus ledifolius/Prunus virginiana community

Abundant Species

Cercocarpus ledifolius Symphoricarpos oreophilus Prunus virginiana

Frequent Species

Stipa lettermanii Aster sp. Berberis repens Festuca idahoensis Hackelia patens Amelanchier alnifolia Lithospermum ruderale Helianthella uniflora

c. Aspen type

The aspen (Populus tremuloides) type is quite limited on the study area. The bulk of it is found on the slopes above the Jarbidge River (7000' to 8500' elevation - Loope). Aspen does occur lower in favorable moisture sites along streams and pockets. So-called snow aspen with somewhat stunted and twisted growth occurs where snowbanks lie late.

The better aspen sites have relatively deep soils with thick "A" horizons and with little textural development in the "B" horizon.

Two major aspen communities were found on the study area, (1) aspen/tall forb community where tall forbs made up the bulk of the understory plants, (2) aspen shrub community. The aspen shrub was generally characterized by an understory dominated by snowberry (Symphoricarpos oreophilus). It is therefore designated as the Populus tremuloides/Symphoricarpos h.t.

The aspen type is usually a high forage producer. The aspen-forb is usually most productive with 1200 to 1700 pounds of airdry forage per acre. Aspen-shrub usually produces between 800 and 1200 pounds per acre. However, the number of aspen stems per acre has a strong influence on forage production.

Understory species of the aspen communities

Populus tremuloides/forb community

Frequent Species

Thalictrum fendleri
Hackelia micrantha
Agastache urticifolia
Descurainia richardsonii
Bromus marginatus
Potentilla glandulosa
Symphoricarpos oreophilus

Senecio serra Geranium viscosissimum Valeriana occidentalis Osmorhiza occidentalis Agropyron trachycaulum Aster perelegans

Other Important Species

Elymus cinereus
Galium boreale
Potentilla gracilis
Smilacina stellata
S. racemosa
Viola nuttallii
Osmorhiza depauperata
Sambucus racemosa
Rosa woodsii

Poa pratensis
Elymus glaucus
Mertensia ciliata
Arnica cordifolia
Delphinium occidentale
Nemophila breviflora
Hydrophyllum capitatum
Stellaria jamesiana
Ribes cereum

Populus tremuloides/Symphoricarpos h.t.

Common Species

Symphoricarpos oreophilus Ribes cereum Hackelia micrantha Agastache urticifolia Descurainia richardsonii Aster perelegans Geranium viscosissimum Prunus virginiana Ceanothus velutinus Amelanchier alnifolia Valeriana occidentalis Bromus marginatus Erigeron speciosus Carex hoodii

d. Conifer and Subalpine group

Only five plots were studied in conifer-subalpine types. Percentagewise the types make up only a small part of the study area, yet they are important and plans are for further study.

Two distinct habitat types plus a mixed type were observed.

Abies lasiocarpa/Arnica cordifolia h.t. is common. Abies lasiocarpa/Carex geyeri is also prominent. Whitebark pine and whitebark pine-alpine fir mixtures with a shrub understory such as Ribes montigenum are also found. Open whitebark pine had a large array of species, particularly forbs.

Forage production was generally low in this group. Full stands of alpine fir practically eliminated understory vegetation. However, the alpine fir/elk sedge habitat type had some fairly productive sites.

The open whitebark pine was the most productive of the sites observed in the conifer-subalpine types.

Understory species of the Conifer-Subalpine

1. Abies lasiocarpa/Arnica cordifolia h.t.

Abundant Species

Arnica cordifolia

Osmorhiza depauperata

Other Species

Stellaria jamesiana
Castilleja miniata
Galium bifolium
Descurainia richardsonii
Ligusticum grayi
Epilobium angustifolium
Viola sp.

Symphoricarpos oreophilus Aquilegia formosa Aconitum columbianum Nemophila breviflora Carex hoodii Senecio serra Pyrola dentata P. minor

2. Abies lasiocarpa/Carex geyeri h.t.

Abundant Species

Carex geyeri

Osmorhiza depauperata

Other Species

Pyrola secunda Arnica cordifolia Viola sp. Stellaria jamesiana Aster perelegans Carex microptera

3. Abies lasiocarpa/Pinus albicaulis/Ribes montigenum type

Most Abundant Species

Ribes montigenum Stellaria jamesiana Valeriana occidentale

Other Species

Carex rossii Poa nervosa Aquilegia formosa

4. Pinus albicaulis/Subalpine community

Most Abundant Species

Arenaria aculeata Penstemon watsonii

Leucopoa kingii Haplopappus macronema

Other Species

Poa sp. Silene douglasii Haplopappus acaulis Castilleja miniata Carex rossii
Eriogonum umbellatum
E. heracleoides

E. Meadow-Riparian Group

The meadow-riparian group is quite varied. This is particularly true of meadows. Even wet meadows at comparable elevations may have quite different species components. Riparian sites are a mixture of habitats with their accompanying species. Because of the complexity of this group sample sites will be summarized individually. This approach is also necessary because of the scarcity of sites in good condition.

1. Riparian site

This site is located on Merritt Creek near the mouth of Yankee Bill Creek. The species composition consists of willows with lush forbs as an understory.

Abundant Species

Salix geyeriana Urtica dioica Veratrum californicum Ribes inerme Polemonium foliosissimum

Other Species

Elymus cinereus
Thalictrum fendleri
Geum macrophyllum
Galium aparine
Aconitum columbianum

Potentilla gracilis Valeriana occidentalis Veronica americana Hackelia micrantha Carex rostrata C. sheldonii

2. Wet meadows (mid-elevation)

The location of this meadow is two miles up Yankee Bill Creek. Mining operations have protected this meadow so it is in near pristine condition. The striking thing about this meadow is the abundance of <u>Carex sheldonii</u> which is a rare species in the Intermountain Region.

Abundant Species

Carex rostrata Salix spp. Carex sheldonii

Other Species

Glyceria elata
Carex microptera
Scirpus microcarpus
Smilacina stellata
S. racemosa
Geum macrophyllum
Potentilla gracilis
Stellaria longipes
Habenaria dilatata
Geranium viscosissimum
Juncus balticus
Lemna minor was frequent on open water

Veratrum californicum
Galium asperrimum
Mertensia ciliata
Aconitum columbianum
Veronica americana
Epilobium glandulosum
Mimulus guttatus
Senecio pseudaureus
Ribes hudsonianum
Rumex pauciflorus
Juncus saximontanus

3. Wet meadow (high elewation)

Bear Creek Meadow was used to represent the high elevation meadow. Although Bear Creek Meadow is only at 8000' elevation it is comparable with the high elevation meadows of the Ruby Mountains which are characterized by Carex scopulorum. Species found in Bear Creek Meadow follow:

Abundant Species

Carex scopulorum (dominant)
C. luzulina

Eleocharis sp.

Other Species

Salix sp.
Carex microptera
Epilobium glandulosum
E. alpinum
Deschampsia caespitosa
Dodecatheon pulchellum

Veratrum californicum
Potentilla gracilis
Senecio pseudaureus
Juncus balticus
Carex aquatilis
Delphinium depauperatum

4. Wyethia - Dry meadow

Wyethia amplexicaulis appears to form a distinctive type in the study area. Further fieldwork will be necessary before a final classification can be made.

W. amplexicaulis is characteristically found on heavy, poorly drained soils. This species can also be found as a codominant with big sagebrush with the associate species of the sagebrush type.

A wyethia dry meadow site was studied on Alleghany Creek. The more important species were as follows:

Abundant Species

Wyethia amplexicaulis

Potentilla gracilis

Other Species

Poa cusickii
Cenothera flava
Juncus confusus
Achillea millefolium
Penstemon rydbergii

Senecio hydrophyllus Epilobium glandulosum Artemisia cana Rumex pauciflorus Astragalus agrestis

Wyethia helianthoides is a dominant constituent of a wet meadow at Pole Creek Ranger Station. This species is a strong increaser in the Beaver Creek meadows of the Boise National Forest of Idaho.

III. SOME NOTES ON PLANT IDENTIFICATION

Some plants are only identified to the generic name by fieldmen due to difficulty in separating species in the field. This is generally the case where a sizable number of species in a genus are involved. In limited areas like this study area, brief descriptions of species can be of great help in their field determination. Species of Penstemon, Castilleja, Eriogonum and Lupinus are very common, and by observing general characteristics can be field determined.

Of the five most common species of Penstemon found in the study area P. deustus can easily be determined by its white flower and serrate leaves. P. humilis is a very small blue-flowered species with the corolla tube about one centimeter long. P. speciosa is a beautiful large-flowered species. Its large blue corolla are from 20 to 25 mm. long. P. rydbergii var. varians is the most common species throughout the sagebrush types. It can be separated from P. watsonii, another blue-flowered species, by its ample basal leaves (rosette) and its long, acuminate calyx lobes (5 mm.). P. watsonii has few or no basal leaves and has short, broad, obtuse calyx lobes (2 to 3.5 mm.) Also P. watsonii generally has a longer corolla and extends to higher elevations.

Castilleja flava, a yellow species, was the most common species found throughout the sagebrush types. Another yellow species, C. pallescens, grows profusely in Chipman Meadows. A major difference between the two species can be found in the length of the galea (upper corolla lip). In C. flava the galea is very long while C. pallescens is very short. C. chromosa is a bright red or scarlet species of the lower brush zone. A very common species of damp and often shaded sites is C. miniata. This species is found generally from mid to upper elevations. It is commonly associated with aspen. The inflorescence is bright red to scarlet. Leaves are linear or lanceolate.

Eriogonum is common throughout the sagebrush and other brush types of the study area. A brief comparative description of the seven most common species is here included to aid field personnel. The two low growing caespitose species E. caespitosum and E. ovalifolium are common species of the lower brush zone. E. caespitosum can be identified by all the flowers of the head coming from a single involucre at the tip of a leafless flowering stem and its recurved involucre lobes. E. ovalifolium also has solitary heads but each head is a capitate cluster of several involucre, each with a single flower. The flower of E. caespitosum is yellow with rose tinge, while that E. ovalifolium is cream, white, or yellow with pinkish to purplish tinge.

Two rather closely related species E. heracleoides and E. umbellatum are of medium size. Both have a glaberous perianth with a stipe-like base. The main distinguishing feature is the whorle of leaves about halfway down the flower stem below the umbel in E. heracleoides. Both species have cream colored perianth but some varieties of E. umbellatum have yellow perianth.

Another common species of the lower sagebrush zone is <u>E. strictum</u>. In this species the inflorescence does not form a head, (I called it the sparse-flowered Eriogonum). The perianth is white to cream.

A shrubby species, E. microthecum is commonly associated with low sagebrush. E. vimineum is an annual found along roadbanks and waste places. It is characterized by a profusely branched inflorescence arising from a small rosette of leaves. The flowers are white, yellow, or pink.

The two most common lupines of the study area are <u>L. laxiflorus</u> var. calcaratus and <u>L. caudatus</u>. This variety of <u>L. laxiflorus</u> has a yellow flower and strong spurs on the calyx. <u>L. caudatus</u> has a blue flower and a saccate calyx. The latter species is scattered throughout the brush zones while <u>L. laxiflorus</u> often forms vast patches as in the Pole Creek area. Two other rather common species are <u>L. sericeus</u>, a spurless species, and the low growing species <u>L. lepidus</u>, var. aridus.

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		 	Bri	ΙÜ	20	lpi
Species		Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	u əds y	ALP1n WBP-A
LICHENS					П	
Evernia vulpina	oc-	On Mt. Mahogany		x		
Division of BRYOPHYTA - Liverworts & Mosses						
LIVERWORTS						
Marchantia polymorpha	oc-	Boggy site, open alpine f				×
MOSSES		•				
Leptodictyum trichopodium (Schultz) Wormsk. Pohlia wahlenbergii (Web. & Mohr.) Ands. Philonotis fontana var. americana (Dism.) Flowers ex Crum		Damp meadow Streamside - Salix Damp meadow			x	x
* * * * * * *		bamp meadow .				7
Division of TRACHEOPHYTA - Vascular Plants						
EQUISETACEAE - Horsetail F.]					
Equisetum arvense L. E. laevigatum A. Br.	oc-	Wet sites Wet site river bottom	x x	x		
OPHIOGLOSSACEAE - Adder's-Tongue F.						}
Botrychium boreale Milde	IF-	Open wet site, Jarbidge Mt				x
POLYPODIACEAE - Fern F.						
Athyrium filix-femina (L.) Roth Cystopteris fragilis (L.) Bernh. Woodsia oregana D.C. Eat.	LA-	Moist woods, Brunneau Riv. Subalpine areas Rocks, California Creek		x		x
PINACEAE - Pine F.	ļ. 					
Abies lasiocarpa (Hook.) Nutt. Pinus albicaulis Engelm. P. flexilis James	FR-	Higher ridges Higher ridges Midelev. canyon, high sl.			1	x x x

- 1 -

AB-Abundant CM-Common

FR-Frequent IF-Infrequent

LA-Locally Abundant LF-Locally Frequent

OC-Occasional RA-Rare

Humboldt National Nevada	Forest	Brush Z	rush Zone	Zone	pine Z.
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	Vapen	ALP1n WBP-A
CUPRESSACEAE - Cypress F.					
Juniperus communis L. var. depressa Pursh J. scopulorum Sarg. ALISMATACEAE - Water-Plaintain F.	Timber & brush types OC- Lower canyons & aspen t.	х	x	1	x
Alisma plantago-aquatica L. Sagittaria cuneata Sheld.	Pond edge Ponds & ditches	x	x		
JUNCAGINACEAE - Arrow-grass F.					
POTAMOGETONACEAE - Pondweed F.					
JUNCACEAE - Rush F.					
Juncus balticus L.					
var. montanus Englem.	LA- Meadows & seeps	x	x		11
J. confuses Cov.	OC- Damp to dry meadows		x	x	
J. drummondii E. Meyer J. ensifolius Wikstr.	FR- High mts. (Jarbidge Mt.) FR- Meadows & Salix type		x	-	×
J. mertensianus Bong.	OC- Wet meadows		: 1	x	11
J. nevadensis Wats					11
var. badius (Suksd.) C. L. Hitchc.	OC- Streamside meadows		x	x	
J. parryi Englem.	IF- Open slopes			$ \mathbf{x} $	
J. saximontanus A. Nels.	OC- Meadows & riparian		X		
CYPERACEAE - Sedge F.					
Carex aquatilis Wahl.	OC- Meadows & Salix comm.		x		x
C. athrostachya Olney	OC- Meadows & Salix comm.	$ \mathbf{x} $	x		
C. canescens L.	OC- Wet meadows			x	x
C. disperma Dewey	OC- sgbr. openings, bare areas	x	x		
C. ebenea Rydb.	IF- Damp meadow RA- Big sagebrush type			X	
C. haydeniana Olney	LA- Snowbank area	X			x
C. geyeri Boott	AB- AF/CAGE habitat type				x
C. hoodii Boott	OC- Grass-forb community		\mathbf{x}	x	
C. jonesii Bailey	IF- Wet meadow			x	

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts

Species	Habitat	Lower Bru	<u> </u>	Aspen Zon	Alpine Fi WBP-Alpin
Carex limnophila F. J. Herm.	IF- Streamside meadow		\	x	
C. limosa L.	IF- Bog, Copper Basin	ı		x	×
C. luzulina Olney	FR- Wet meadow	1		x	х
C. microptera Mack.	OC- Meadows	1		×	1
C. nebraskensis Dewey	FR- Wet meadows & streamside	x	x]
C. neurophora Mack.	OC- Swampy areas, often shady			x	1
C. occidentalis Bailey	OC- Aspen understory			x	1
C. pachystachya Cham.	OC- Tall forb community		()	x	1
C. petasata Dewey	OC- Big sagebrush communities		x		
C. praegracilis W. Boott	OC- Damp meadows		x		1
C. pseudoscirpoidea Rydb.	Alpine ridges	1			\ x
C. rossii Boott	FR- Brush & woodlands		x	1	x
C. rostrata Stokes	AB- Midelevation meadows	1	1	x	- 1
C. scopulorum Holm	AB- Upper elevation meadows				x
C. sheldonii Mack.	AB- Midelevation meadows	H	x	x	
C. vallicola Dewey	FR- Sagebrush communities		x		- 1
Eleocharis acicularis (L.) R. & S.	FR- Upper elevation meadows		١.	1	x
E. bolanderi Gray	IF- Wet meadows, streams	x		ļ	
E. palustris (L.) R. & S.	OC- Wet meadows, streams	x		1	1
E. pauciflorus (Lightf.) Link	IF- Boggy areas			. (x
Scirpus microcarpus Presl.	FR- Wet meadows			[x x
GRAMINEAE - Grass F. Festuceae Tribe					
Bromus anomalus Rupr.	Aspen type			x	-
B. commutatus Schrad.	Grass type (Meadow Creek)	U	x		i
B. marginatus Nees	FR- Grass-forb community			x	- 1
B. polyanthus Scribn.	Aspen type	1	^	x	1
B. tectorum L.	OC- Sagebrush communities	x			- 1
Festuca idahoensis Elmer	AB- Sagebrush&Mt. brush comm.	1	x	1	[
F. octoflora Walt.	bagebrashare. brash comm.	^	^		1
ssp. hirtella (Piper) A. S. Hitchc.	PJ type	x			
F. pratensis Huds.	Meadows - introduced	x			
F. subulata Trin.	Moist sites, woods	^	x		- 1
Glyceria elata (Nash) Jones	FR- Seeps & streamside mead.		41	1	x
G. striata (Lam.) A. S. Hitchc.	OC- Damp site, Salix comm.		x		1
Leucopoa kingii (S. Wats.) Weber	LA- Dry sagebrush ridges		X		1
Melica bulbosa Geyer	FR- Sagebrush & aspen types		1 1	x	1
Poa cusickii Vasey	OC- Dry meadow & slopes	 	x	-	1
P. fendleriana (Steud.) Vasey	IF- Dry slopes & dry meadows	x	1	1	
P. interior Rydb.	IF- Timber type (Copper Mt.)	^			x
P. juncifolia Scribn.			Ţ	x	
	OC- Sage-grass type FR- Wooded areas & meadows		1 1	. 1	1
P. nervosa (Hook.) Vasey P. nevadensis Vasey	1	_,	1	X	
P. palustris L.	OC- Dry slopes & meadows	1 1	х	^	
r. hardatila p.	OC- Riparian community	X			1

 		r Br	М	<u>a</u> 7	ne F Alpti
Species	Habitat	Lower	Ä.	Aspe	AIP!
Poa pratensis L.	FR- Dry sagebrush & damp Mead		x	x	
P. reflexa Vasey & Scribn.	OC- Aspen type			×	- 1
P. sandbergii Vasey	FR- Sgbr.& other brush types	X	x		1
Puccinellia pauciflora (Presl.) Munz		{			
var. microtheca (Buckl.) C. L. Hitchc.	LF- Wet meadows			শ	X
Hordeae Tribe					
Agropyron dasystachyum (Hook.) Scribn.	Dry slopes, sagebrush	x			
A. spicatum (Pursh) Scribn. & Smith				- 1	
var. spicatum	CM- Brush communities	x	х	x	
A. subsecundum (Link.) Hitchc.	Moist woods			x	- }
A. trachycaulum (Link.) Malte	FR- Moist woods & brush		х	x	x
Elymus cinereus Scrib. & Merr.	FR- Deeper soils, brush types	x	x	x	1
E. glaucus Buckl.	FR- Damp Woods			x	х
Hordeum brachyantherum Nevski	IF- Dry to damp meadows	х		x	
H. jubatum L.	IF- Waste areas		х	- 1	1
Sitanion hystrix (Nutt.) J. G. Smith	FR- Sagebrush types	x	x	1	ŀ
Aveneae Tribe	·				\ \ \
Danthonia californica Boland.	Meadow, Sand Creek		x		- (
Danthonia intermedia Vasey	IF- Meadows			×	x
D. unispicata (Thurb.) Munro	OC- Dry rocky slopes	x	x	- 1	}
Deschampsia caespitosa (L.) Beauv.	FR- High elevation meadows	۱ ا			x
D. danthonioides (Trin.) Munro	IF- Meadows	$ \mathbf{x} $		۱.	-)
D. elongata (Hook.) Munro	OC- Damp to wet sites		x	- [x x
Koeleria cristata (L.) Pers.	IF- Sagebrush types	x	x		
Trisetum spicatum (L.) Richt.	OC- Timber types				x x
Agrostideae Tribe					
Agrostis alba L.	OC- River bottom meadow	x	: }	}	
A. diegoensis Vasey	Meadow with Danthonia		x	Í	- (
A. exarata Trin.	IF- Pond edge	x	l	l	- (
A. variabilis Rydb.	Open sagebrush-conifer			ı	X X
Alopecurus aequalis Sobol.	IF- Wet meadow		X	X	X
Aristideae Tribe					1
Calamagrostis canadensis (Michx,) Beaux.				ł	
var. acuminata Vasey	IF- Streamside meadow				X
C. rubescens Buckl.	IF- Alpine fir type		ļ	.	×
Cinna latifolia (Trevir.) Griseb.	IF- Riverside meadow	Х			
Muhlenbergia filiformis (Thurb.) Rydb.	OC- Meadows			X	X
M. richardsonis (Trin.) Rydb.	OC- Dry meadow		X	j	
Oryzopsis bloomeri (Boland.) Ricker	IF- Sagebrush type		X	1	1
0. hymenoides (Roem. & Schult.) Ricker	OC- Shrub type	ll	X		ĺ
O. webberi (Thurb.) Benth.	IF- White Elephant Butte, dry		×	- }	-
Phleum alpinum L.	OC- High elevation meadows		-	- }	X
P. pratense L.	OC- Road drain, Riparian type	X	I.		
					- 1

		Bru	ush	Zcn	Ping
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. Br	Aspen	Alpine WBP-Al
Polypogon monspeliensis (L.) Desf. Stipa columbiana Macoun.	OC- Wet meadows FR- Sagebrush & woodland		x x	x	
S. comata Trin. & Rupr.			li		Ì
var. intermedia Scribn. & Tweedy	IF- Dry hills	\mathbf{x}	П	ı	- - -
S. lettermanii Vasey	IF- Open timber & brush	1	x	H	x
S. occidentalis Thurb.	OC- Sagebrush type	x	ı	Ιİ	
S. thurberiana Piper	FR- Sagebrush types	x	x		
Phalarideae Tribe					
Phalaris arundinacea L.	IF- Belcher Meadow	x			
SPARGANIACEAE - Burreed F.					
LEMNACEAE - Duckweed F.					
Lemna minor L.	IF- Ponds, beaver				хx
LILIACEAE - Lily F.					
Allium acuminatum Hook.	OC- Brush types		x		
A. tribracteatum Torr.	OC- Chrysothamnus type	1	x	1	
Calochortus nuttallii Torr. & Gray	OC- Brush types		\mathbf{x}		
Camassia quamash (Pursh) Greene	OC- Meadows	x		i	
Fritillaria atropurpurea Nutt.	OC- Brush communities		x		
F. pudica (Pursh) Spreng.	OC- Sagebrush community	$ \mathbf{x} $		ı	1
Smilacina racemosa (L.) Desf.			ı		
var. amplexicaulis (Nutt.) S. Wats.	OC- Damp woods and brush			\mathbf{x}	
S. stellata (L.) Desf.	OC- Meadows & Riparian	}		$ \mathbf{x} $	
Veratrum californicum Dur.	LA- Meadows & seeps			x	x
Zigadenus elegans Pursh	OC- Wet meadow (Copper Basin)			x	
Z. paniculatus S. Wats.	OC- Sagebrush communities	х	х		
IRIDACEAE - Iris F.					
Iris missouriensis Nutt.	OC- Streamside meadows		х		
Sisyrinchium douglasii A. Dietr.	IF- Meadows & brushy slopes	X	х	Ιl	
S. halophilum Greene	Meadows & damp slopes				,
S. occidentale Bickn.= S. segatum Bickn.	Meadows & damp slopes)			
(Hitchcock et al treats the two latter spec	ties as parts of S.angustifoliu	n	co	np	lex)
ORCHIDACEAE - Orchid F.					
Corallorhiza maculata Raf.	Aspen woods			x	
Habenaria dilatata (Pursh) Hook.	IF- Bogs, to high elevation			x	x
H. hyperborea (L.) R. Br.					

Humboldt National 1 Nevada		Brush Z.	Mt. Brush Zone	Zone	Fir Z.	lpine Z.
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. Br	Aspen	Alpine	WBP-A
SALICACEAE - Willow F.						
Populus tremuloides Michx. P. trichocarpa T.&G. Salix drummondiana Barratt S. exigua Nutt. var. melanopsis (Nutt.) Cronq.	FR- Mid elevations CM- Canyon bottoms L - Copper Mt. Pass LA- Streamsides		x		ж	
S. geyeriana Anderss. S. lasiandra Benth. var. caudata (Nutt.) Sudw. S. lemmonii Bebb.	AB- Along Merritt Creek FR- Jarbidge River & Elk Mt. FR- Pole Creek R.S.	x	x x x	x x		
S. myrtillifolia Anderss. S. rigida Muhl. var. watsonii (Bebb.) Cronq. S. scouleriana Barratt	FR- Wet meadows, Elk Mt. FR- Owyhee River IF- Woodland	x	x	x	X	
BETULACEAE - Birch F. Alnus incana (L.) Moench var. occidentalis (Dippel) C. L. Hitchc.	OC- Damp woodland			x	х	
URTICACEAE - Nettle F.						
Urtica dioica L. ssp. gracilis (Ait.) Seland. SANTALACEAE - Sandalwood F.	LA- Riparian communities	x	x			
Comandra umbellata (L.) Nutt. var. pallida (DC.) Jones	OC- Sagebrush & grass types	x	x	х	x	
POLYGONACEAE - Buckwheat F. Chorizanthe brevisorna Torr, Eriogonum caespitosum Nutt. E. chrysocephalum Gray E. heracleoides Nutt. E. microthecum Nutt. E. ovalifolium Nutt. E. strictum Benth.	FR- Brush communities LA- Open ridge, Wt. Eleph. Butte FR- Brush types FR- Low sagebrush IF- Brush types	x x x	x x x			
ssp. proliferum (T. & G.) Stokes E. umbellatum Torr.	FR- Sagebrush types	x	x			
var. umbellatum var. aridum (Greene) S. Stokes var. glaberrimum (Gandg.) Reveal var. intectum Nels.	FR- Open slopes OC- Copper Mt. FR- Sunflower Flat OC- Open slopes	x	x		x	
E. vimineum Dougl. Oxyria digyna (L.) Hill	LF- Bare areas OC- High rocky sites	х	x			x

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts

Plants	of Mt.	City and	Jarbidge	Districts
	Humbol	dt Natio	nal Forest	
		Nevad	а	•

Plants of Mt. City and Jar Humboldt National Nevada		Brush Z.	. ~	Zone	e Fir Z.	
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	Aspen	Alpin	WBP-A
Polygonum aviculare L. P. bistortoides Pursh P. douglasii Greene Rumex paucifolius Nutt. できたいっといる CHENOPODIACEAE - Goosefoot F.	OC- Waste soil FR- Damp to wet soil FR- Forb-grass types OC- Forb and meadows	×		x	X	x
Chenopodium album L. C. capitatum (L.) Asch. Eurotia lanata (Pursh) Moq. Grayia spinosa (Hook.) Moq. Monolepis nuttalliana (Schult.) Greene Sarcobatus vermiculatus (Hook.) Torr.	Waste areas IF- Open conifer OC- Low canyon mouths OC- Greasewood flats & sagebr OC- Waste areas LA- Bottoms	x x	x		X	
AMARANTHACEAE - Amaranth F. Amaranthus graecizans L. A. powellii S. Wats. PORTULACACEAE - Purslane F.	Low sites Waste areas	x				
Claytonia lanceolata Pursh C. megarhiza (Gray) Parry Lewisia pygmaea (Gray) Robins. L. rediviva Pursh Montia chamissoi (Ledeb.) Robins. & Fern. Spraguea umbellata Torr. CARYOPHYLLACEAE - Pink F.	IF- Moist sites IF- Talus slopes OC- Open sites OC- Low sagebrush OC- Meadows IF- Bare roadbanks	x		x x	x	x
Arenaria aculeata Wats. A. congesta Nutt. var. congesta A. kingii (Wats.) Jones A. nutto	LA- CELE & alpine types OC- Brush types OC- Sagebrush slopes LF- WBP-Forb type LA- Disturbed area LF- Bare & disturbed areas OC- Sagebrush to EBP	x	x		x	x
S. longipes Goldie PAEONIACEAE - Peony F. Paeonia brownii Dougl.	OC- Wet meadows, shady areas OC- Sagebrush communities		x	х		

Humboldt National F Nevada	ores	t	Brush Z	rush Zone	Zone	Fir Z.	pine Z.
Species		Habitat	Lower	Mt. Br	Aspen	Alpine	WBP-A1
RANUNCULACEAE - Crowfoot F.			П	Г	П		\Box
Aconitum columbianum Nutt. Actaea rubra (Ait.) Willd. Aquilegia formosa Fisch. Caltha leptosepala DC. Clematis ligusticifolia Nutt. Delphinium depauperatum Nutt. D. menziesii DC. ssp. utahense D. Southerland	IF- FR- OC- OC- OC-	Meadows & damp woods Moist woods Damp woods & streamsides Meadow-E.Fk. Jarbidge Riv Lower canyons, Salix type Meadows & brushland Damp meadows, aspen			1 1	x	
D. occidentale Wats. Ranunculus aquatilis L. var. capillaceus (Thuill.) DC. R. eschscholtzii Schlecht. R. orthorhynchus Hook. var. platyphyllus Gray Thalictrum fendleri Engelm.	OC- AB- OC- FR-	Aspen type Merritt Creek Edge of snowbanks Wet streamside meadow Aspen & Riparian		x			x
BERBERIDACEAE - Barberry F. Berberis repens Lindj. CRUCIFERAE - Mustard F.		Mt. brush types		x	ж		
Arabis drummondii Gray A. glabra (L.) Bernh. A. hirsuta (L.) Scop. var. glabrata T. & G. A. holboellii Hornem. var. retrofracta (Graham) Rydb. A. lemmonii Wats. A. nuttallii Robins Barbarea orthoceras Ledeb.	oc-	Brush types, dry slopes Alleghany Hot Springs Moist sites Open slopes Cliffs, Jarbidge Mt. Open sagebrush Meadow (Elk Mt.&Miller Cr	x			х	x
Brassica nigra (L.) Koch. Capsella bursa-pastoris (L.) Medic. Cardamine cordifolia Gray Descurainia richardsonii (Sweet) E.O.Schulz var. sonnei (Robins.) C. L. Hitchc. Draba oligosperma Hook. D. sphaeroides Payson Erysimum repandum L. Lepidium perfoliatum L. L. 200 Siflogueria	FR- OC- IF-	Damp Meadow Waste areas Streambank Aspen and brush types WCP - Forb T. Open areas Sage-grass type Waste areas	x		x	x	
Phoenicaulis cheiranthoides Nutt. Physaria chambersii Rollins Rorippa islandica (Oed.) Barb. var. hispida (Desv.) Butters & Abbe R. nasturtium-aquaticum (L.) Schinz & Thell. Thlaspi fendleri Gray	OC-	Dry slopes & rock crevice Sagebrush type Belcher Meadow In brooks Rocky slopes	1 1	х		×	

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts

Plants of Mt. City and Ja Humboldt National Nevada		Brush Z.	rush Zone	4	e Fir Z.	lpine Z.
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	a	Alpin	WBP-A
CRASSULACEAE - Stonecrop F.						
Sedum debile S. Wats. S. lanceolatum Torr. S. stenopetalum Pursh	Disturbed area-sagebrush Windswept, Red Elephant B OC- Low sagebrush	x	x	1 (
SAXIFRAGACEAE - Saxifrage F.						
Heuchera cylindrica Dougl. ex Hook. var. alpina Wats. H. parvifolia Nutt. ex T. & G. var. utahensis (Rydb.) Garrett	Rocky slopes IF- Low sagebrush	x	x		ж	
Lithophragma parviflora (Hook.) Nutt. Mitella pentandra Hook. Parnassia fimbriata Konig. Saxifraga arguta D. Don S. rhomboidea Greene	OC- Damp meadow & sagebrush OC- Wet sites OC- Wet sites OC- Wet sites, partial shade OC- Damp sites		x	х	x	28
GROSSULARIACEAE - Currant F.			,			
Ribes aureum Pursh R. cereum Dougl.	OC- Streamsides		x	ж		
var. inebrians (Lindl.) Hitchc. R. hudsonianum Richards.	OC- Brushlands and aspen				х	
var. petiolare (Dougl.) Jancz. R. inerme Rydb. R. montigenum McClatch. R. niveum Lindl.	OC- Wet meadows, Riparian FR- Riparian sites OC- Conifer OC- Riverbanks	x	х	x	ж	×
ROSACEAE - Rose F.						
Amelanchier alnifolia (Nutt.) Nutt var. alnifolia Cercocarpus ledifolius Nutt.	FR- Brushy types and aspen LA- Rocky hills	x	x x	х		
Geum macrophyllum Willd. var. perincisum (Rydb.) Raup. G. triflorum Pursh	FR- Moist woods, Riparian			x	x	
var. ciliatum (Pursh) Fassett Holodiscus dumosus (Hook.) Heller Horkelia fusca Lindl.	FR- Mt. Meadows FR- Ledges & rocky slopes			x	x	x
var. parviflora (Nutt.) Peck Ivesia baileyi S. Wats	FR- Meadow edge		x			
var. baileyi I. gordonii (Hook.) T. & G. Petrophytum caespitosum (Nutt.) Rydb. Potentilla diversifolia Lehm. P. fruticosa L.	Rocky slopes Dry ridges (Vincent Cr.) OC- Cliffs FR- Bear Creek Meadows OC- Meadow edge		x	х		•

Plants of Mt. City and Jai Humboldt National Nevada		Brush Z.	Brush Zone		Fir Z.	- 1
Species	Habitat	Lower	.	da	Alpine	P-A1
Potentilla glandulosa Lindl. var. intermedia (Rydb.) C. L. Hitchc. P. gracilis Dougl.	FR- Open slopes			x	x	
var. brunnescens (Rydb.) C. L. Hitchc. var. elmeri (Rydb.) Jeps. var. flabelliformis (Lehm.) Nutt. var. pulcherrima (Lehm.) Fern. Prunus virginiana L.	FR- Tall forb, aspen OC- Damp meadow Meadows & slopes Dry meadows & slopes	x	x x x	x		
var. melanocarpa (A. Nels.) Sarg. Purshia tridentata (Pursh) DC. Rosa woodsii Lindl.	FR- Aspen and brush types LA- Sagebrush types		x x	x		
var. ultramontana (Wats.) Jeps. Rubus idaeus L.	FR- Riparian & aspen types	x	x	x		
ssp. sachalinensis (Lefl.) Focke R. parviflorus Nutt. Sibbaldia procumbens L. Sorbus scopulina Greene	FR- Rocky slopes Open woods Open areas, grass-forb Thickets & woodlands		ж	x	- 1	x
LEGUMINOSAE - Pea F.		!				
Astragalus adsurgens Hook. A. agrestis Dougl. A. filipes Torr. A. iodanthus S. Wats. A. lentiginosus Dougl.	OC- Meadow FR- Meadows & slopes FR- Sagebrush types Sagebrush (Haystack Cr.)	x	x x	х	х	
var. salinus (Howell) Barneby A. purshii Dougl.	Near Mt. City, depression	x				
var. tinctus Jones A. tenellus Pursh A. whitneyi Gray Glycyrrhiza lepidota Pursh Lupinus argenteus Pursh	OC- Windswept, Red Eleph. Butte OC- Open slopes Wt. Eleph. Bu. OC- Windswept slope, low sgbr IF-	x				
L. caudatus Kell. L. holosericeus Nutt. L. laxiflorus Dougl.	FR- Sagebrush communities Sunflower Flats	x	x			1
var. laxiflorus var. calcaratus (Kellogg) Dunn L. lepidus Dougl.	OC- Copper Basin AB- Pole Creek area		x	x		
var. aridus (Dougl.) Jeps. L. sericeus Pursh Medicago lupulina L. Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam. Oxytropis oreophila Gray	OC- Sagebrush (Haystack Cr.) OC- Forb type (Miller Cr.) Waste sites Seeded area White Elephant Butte	x	x			
Trifolium cyathiferum Lindl. T. hybridum L. T. longipes Nutt. T. variegatum Nutt.	LF- Open sagebrush OC- Hagenbuch Meadow Damp site IF- Mead., Humphery, H.E.S.		x x x x			

		Bru	ush:	Zon	El·
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. Br	Aspen	Alpine
GERANIACEAE - Wild Geranium F.					
Geranium fremontii Torr. G. viscossissimum Fisch. & C. A. Meyer var. viscosissimum	IF- Open slopes FR- Open forb-grass		x x		х
LINACEAE - Flax F.					
Linum lewisii Pursh	OC- Sagebrush communities	x	x		
CALLITRICHACEAE - Water Starwort F.					
Callitriche hermaphroditica L.	OC- Pond, Upper Copper Basin			×	
LIMNANTHACEAE - False Mermaid F.			<i>i</i> .	-	
Floerkea proserpinacoides Willd.	LF- Damp bank, Pole Creek R.S			x	
ACERACEAE - Maple F.				}	
Acer glabrum Torr.					
RHAMNACEAE - Buckthorn F.				1	
Ceanothus velutinus Dougl.	AB- CEVE h.t.&sagebrush comm.		x		-
MALVACEAE - Mallow F.				ĺ	-
Iliamna rivularis (Dougl.) Greene Sidalcea oregana (Nutt.) Gray Sphaeralcea coccinea (Pursh) Rydb.	OC- Roadsides, conifer types OC- Timber edge & sagebrush OC- Sagebrush type	ж	x	x	- 1
HYPERICACEAE - St. John'swort F.	·				
Hypericum anagalloides C. & S. H. formosum H.B.K.	OC- Bogs & streamsides		x	x	x
ssp. scouleri (Hook.) C. L. Hitchc.	OC- Meadows & open woodland			x	x
VIOLACEAE - Violet F.	·				
Viola adunca J. E. Smith	IF- Damp sites			x	x
V. nuttallii Pursh var. major Hook.	OC- Aspen woods			x	
V. purpurea Kellogg var. venosa (S. Wats.) Brain.	OC- Open timber				x

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts Humboldt National Forest Nevada			ush Zone	Zone	Fir Z.	<u>ا</u>
Species	Habitat		Mt. Br		Alpine	WBP-A1
LOASACEAE - Blazing Star F.						
Mentzelia albicaulis Doug.	OC- Dry roadside		x			
CACTACEAE - Cactus F.				- [-	
Pediocactus simpsonii (Engelm.)Britt.&Ro	ose OC- Low sagebrush type	x				
ELAEAGNACEAE - Oleaster F.					-	
Shepherdia canadensis (L.) Nutt.	OC- Timber types			×		
ONAGRACEAE - Evening Primrose F.					{	
Boisduvalia stricta (Gray) Greene	IF- Pond edge		х	İ		
var. pacifica (Asch.&Magnus) M.E. Jone Epilobium alpinum L. Var. alpinum E. angustifolium L.	OC- Damp shade (Alnus&Salix) OC- Meadows OC- Damp woods			x x	Х	
E. glandulosum Lehm. var. glandulosum var. tenue (Trel.) C. L. Hitchc. E. minutum Lindl. E. obcordatum Gray	OC- Meadows & riparian IF- Damp meadow OC- Sagebrush type OC- Meadow	x	x x	ı ı		x
E. paniculatum Nutt. E. watsonii Barbey	OC- Dry roadsides		x	x	- 1	
var. occidentale (Trel.) C. L. Hitche. Gayophytum diffusum T. & G. Oenothera breviflora T. & G. OE. caespitosa Nutt. OE. flava (A. Nels.) Garrett OE. tenacetifolia T. & G.	OC- Damp sites, Salix type OC- Sagebrush types IF- Sunflower Flats Reservoir IF- Low sagebrush (Haystack Cr FR- Damp meadow LA- Roadside		x	1	ж	
UMBELLIFERAE - Parsley F.						
Angelica kingii (S. Wats.) C. & R. Cymopterus longipes S. Wats.	IF- Damp site, aspen type			x	Į	
Heracleum lanatum Michx. Ligusticum grayi Coult. & Rose L. porteri Coult. & Rose Lomatium dissectum (Nutt.) Math. & Const	OC- Riparian sites LA- Damp site, timber & Salix Forb-grass community		х	X	x	
var. multifidum (Nutt.) Math. & Const. L. grayi Coult. & Rose L. leptocarpum (T. & G.) Coult. & Rose L. macrocarpum (Hook.&Arn.) Coult. & Rose L. montanum Coult. & Rose	FR- Sagebrush types OC- Forb-gr. T., N F Calif Cr Forb-grass (California Cr					

			Bru	rush	Zon	TI C
Species		Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	Aspen	Alpin LARP-A
Lomatium nudicaule (Pursh) Coult. & Rose L. triternatum (Pursh) Coult. & Rose	LF-	Heavy soils, sagebrush t.	x	x		
ssp. platycarpum (Torr.) Cronq.		Sagebrush types		x		
Osmorhiza chilensis Hook. & Arn.		Aspen forb type		ì	х	
0. depauperata Phil. 0. occidentalis (Nutt.) Torr.		Woodland and slopes Aspen, tall forb types			X	
Perideridia bolanderi (Gray) Nels. & Macbr.		Forb type, Calif. Basin		x		
P. gairdneri (Hook. & Arn.) Mathias		Open conifer type		"		ж
CORNACEAE - Dogwood F.						
Cornus stolonifera Michx.						1
var. occidentalis (T. & G.) C. L. Hitchc.	oc-	Seeps and streamsides	x	x	x	ж
ERICACEAE - Heath F.						
Kalmia polifolia Wang.	IF-	Jarbidge Mts.				ж :
Ledum glandulosum Nutt.	II.	Timber type				x
Pyrola asarifolia Michx.		Boggy area, open AF	[]			ж
P. dentata Smith	IF-	Alpine fir type	1			x
P. minor L.		Moist woods, Jarbidge Mt.				x
P. picta Smith		Timber type (Lime Creek)				X
P. secunda L. P. virens Schw.	FK-	Alpine fir type Moist woods				X
Vaccinium caespitosum Michx.		Meadow				X
V. myrtillus L.		Jarbidge Mts.				x
V. occidentale Gray		Timber type (Fox Creek)				x
PRIMULACEAE - Primrose F.						
Dodecatheon alpinum (Gray) Greene	oc-	Meadows			x	x
D. pulchellum (Raf.) Merrill						. 1
var. monanthum (Greene) C. L. Hitchc.	FR-	Meadow (Pole Cr. R.S.)			х	
GENTIANACEAE - Gentian F.						
Frasera speciosa Dougl.		Sagebrush to open aspen		x	x	
Gentiana affinis Griseb.		Meadows		x	x	
G. calycosa Griseb.	OC-	Meadows			x	x
MENYANTHACEAE - Buckbean F.						
Menyanthes trifoliata L.		Boggy area (Copper Basin)			x	

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts Humboldt National Forest Nevada				a	Fir 2.	Princ 6.
Species	Habitat	Lower Brush	ы	Agnen	Alpine	WDF-DA
APOCYNACEAE - Dogbane F.		П	\prod	T	T	7
Apocynum androsaemifolium L. var. glabrum Macoun ASCLEPIADACEAE - Milkweed F.	OC- Roadbanks, canyon bottoms	x				
Asclepias speciosa Torr.	Disturbed areas	x		}		
POLEMONIACEAE - Phlox F.						
Collomia debilis (S. Wats.) Greene C. grandiflora Dougl. C. linearis Nutt. C. tenella Gray	IF- Talus slopes (Black Jumbo Ir- Open woods OC- Open woods OC- Pole Creek, meadow		x	x x		x
Gilia aggregata (Pursh) Spreng. Leptodactylon pungens (Torr.) Nutt. Linanthus harknessii (Curran) Greene Microsteris gracilis (Hook.) Greene	OC- Sagebrush types OC- Sagebrush types OC- Damp meadows	x x	x	x	x	
var. humilior (Hook.) Cronq. Navarretia intertexta (Benth.) Hook.	OC- Damp meadows & sagebrush		x	x		
var. propinqua (Suksd.) Brand	OC- Roadside		x			
Phlox austromontana Cov.	IF- Open slopes	х	l i			
P. hoodii Rich.	OC- Sagebrush types	х			- }	
P. longifolia Nutt. Polemonium foliosissimum Gray	FR- All brush types LA- Damp site, Salix type	$ \mathbf{x} $	x		- [
HYDROPHYLLACEAE - Waterleaf F.	LA- Damp Site, Salik type					
Hydrophyllum capitatum Dougl.			1	1		
var. alpinum S. Wats.	FR- Woodland		x	x	. {	
Nemophila breviflora Gray	FR- Woodland		1 1	X	×	j
Phacelia hastata Dougl. var. alpina (Rydb.) Cronq.	OC Proveh turned		_	1	- }	
P. heterophylla Pursh	OC- Brush types IF- Sagebrush types	1 1	x	1	ı	
P. idahoensis Henderson	IF- Forb type (Alleghany Cr.)		li	x	- }	
P. ramosissima Dougl.	OC- Sagebrush type		x		- }	
P. sericea (Grah.) Gray	FR- Brush types	$ \mathbf{x} $	1 1	1	١	1
BORAGINACEAE - Borage F.						
Cryptantha affinis (Gray) Greene	Sheep bedground, Coon Cr.				x	
C. circumscissa (H. & A.) Johnst.	Bull camp, Elk Mt.		x	- [ı	
C. echinoides (M. E. Jones) Payson	Sagebrush type	x	x	1	1	
C. humilis (Greene) Payson	Dry slopes	x]	1	
C. nevadensis Nels. & Kennedy	OC- Dry roadside		x	ı	- 1	

		Bru	Brush	Zon	Fla
Species	Habitat	Lower	1	Aspen	Alpine WBP-Al
Cryptantha torreyana (Gray) Greene	Dry slopes	x		T	
C. watsonii (Gray) Greene	Sagebrush	x	x		1
Hackelia floribunda (Lehm.) Johnst.	OC- Brush & grass-forb types	}	x	\mathbf{x}	1
H. micrantha (Eastw.) J. C. Gentry	FR- Brush & aspen types	١	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}	1
H. patens (Nutt.) I. M. Johnst.	FR- Brush & open woods	1	x	\mathbf{x}	1
Lappula redowskii (Hornem.) Greene	OC- Dry roadside & brush type		\mathbf{x}	1	ŀ
Lithospermum ruderale Dougl.	FR- Brush types	x	\mathbf{x}	l	1
Mertensia arizonica Greene	·				
var. leonardi (Rydb.) Johnst.	Aspen			x	1
M. ciliata (James) G. Don	FR- Damp meadows & woodland		\mathbf{x}	x	x
M. oblongifolia (Nutt.) G. Don	FR- Brush types	x	\mathbf{x}	- (ļ
Plagiobothrys leptocladus (Greene)Johnst.	IF- Low sagebrush types	$_{\mathbf{x}}$	' j	- (1
LABIATAE - Mint F.		1			
Agastache urticifolia (Benth.) Kuntze	FR- Brush & woodland	- 1	x	x	
Marrubium vulgare L.		\mathbf{x}	x		
Mentha arvensis L.	waste areas		Ì	-{	- [
var. glabrata (Benth.) Fern.	Wet sites	x			-
Monardella odoratissima Benth.	FR- High, dry slopes		1	١	x
Scutellaria antirrhinoides Benth.	OC- Low sagebrush	\mathbf{x}	- 1	-	
S. nana Gray	IF- Alleghany Hot Springs	x			- 1
·	ir- Affeguany not Springs				
SCROPHULARIACEAE - Figwort F.		İ		1	
Castilleja angustifolia (Nutt.) G. Don	Sagebrush-forb (Haystack)	x		١	
C. applegatei Fern.	IF- Low sagebrush (Sheep Cr.)	x			- 1
C. chromosa A. Nels.	OC- Low sagebrush	x		١	ļ
C. flava S. Wats.	FR- Sagebrush types	x	x		
C. inverta (Nels. & Macbr.) Penn. & Ownbey	Sagebrush type	x	x		1
C. linariaefolia Benth.	OC- Open timber & brush		х		×
C. miniata Dougl.	FR- Aspen & tall forb types		x	X	×
C. pallescens (Nutt.) Greenm.	AB- Meadows (Chipman Mead)		x		1
C. viscidula A. Gray		l			
Collinsia parviflora Dougl.	FR- Sagebrush types	ı	x		
Cordylanthus capitatus Nutt.	OC- Sagebrush types	x	x		
C. ramosus Nutt.	Dry slopes	x	x		
Mimulus guttatus DC.	Wet sites, willow type	į	x	x	x
M. lewisii Pursh	FR- Streamside	1	x	X	
M. moschatus Dougl.	LA- Streamside			x	x
M. nanus Hook. & Arn.	OC- Dry hillsides	- 1		1	
Orthocarpus luteus Nutt.	IF- Meadows or dry slopes	x	x	\	1
Pedicularis groenlandica Retz.	OC- Wet meadows	1	x		x
Penstemon deustus Dougl.	OC- Low sagebr. & rocky slope	x	х		
P. humilis Nutt.	OC- Sagebrush slopes	x	x		[
P. procerus (Dougl.)	1	1		-	
var. formosus (A. Nels.) Cronq.	OC- Grass-forb type	I		x	
var. formosus (A. Ners.) cronq.	od drass roth type				
P. pratensis Greene	OC- Brush & open woods	1	x	х	

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts Humboldt National Forest Nevada			ush Zone	Zone	Fir Z.	pine Z.
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. Br	Aspen	Alpine	WBP-A1
Penstemon rydbergii A. Nels. var. varians (A. Nels.) Cronq. P. speciosus Dougl. P. subglaber Rydb. P. utahensis Eastw. P. watsonii Gray Veronica americana Schw. V. wormskjoldii Roem. & Schult.	FR- Brush types OC- Sagebrush & lower canyons Shrub types Sagebrush type FR- High elev. brush-forb t. Streams & wet meadows Damp meadows	x x	x	x	x x	
OROBANCHACEAE - Broomrape F. Orobanche multiflora Nutt. RUBIACEAE - Madder F.	Parasite on sagebrush	x	х			
Galium aparine L. var. echinospermum (Wallr.) Farw. G. asperrimum Gray G. bifolium S. Wats. G. boreale L. G. multiflorum Kell. CAPRIFOLIACEAE - Honeysuckle F.	OC- Damp shade, Salix OC- Shady wet sites OC- Woodland IF- Aspen type IF- Sagebrush (Deep Creek)	x	x	x x x	x	
Lonicera involucrata (Rich.) Banks Sambucus cerulea Raf.	Aspen type OC- River bottoms	x	x	×		
S. racemosa L. var. melanocarpa (Gray) McMinn var. microbotrys (Rydb.)Kearney & Peebles Symphoricarpos mollis Nutt.	OC- Wooded slopes OC- Aspen type		x	x		
var. acutus Gray S. oreophilus Gray var. utahensis (Rydb.) A. Nels.	IF- Dry slopes, Jarbidge Mt. FR- Sagebrush & forb types			x x		x
VALERIANACEAE - Valerian F.						
Valeriana edulis Nutt. V. occidentalis Heller COMPOSITAE - Sunflower F.	IF- Sagebrush-forb type FR- Woodland & brush types		x		x	х
Achillea millefolium L. ssp. lanulosa (Nutt.) Piper Agoseris aurantiaca (Hook.) Greene A. glauca (Pursh) Raf. Antennaria anaphaloides Rydb. A. microphylla Rydb.	OC- Brush & woodland types OC- Open area, tall forb type OC- Sagebrush types FR- Brush type FR- Sagebrush type	x	x x x	x		

Plants of Mt. City and Jarbidge Districts Humboldt National Forest					
Humboldt National F Nevada	rotesc	4	Zon		7 7
nevada		Brush	sh	yoo'	된태
	<u></u>	• .	_	7	이그
Species	Habitat	Lower	Mt. B	Den	Alpin WBP-A
Antennaria stenophylla Gray	Sagebrush t. (Haystack Cr)	x			
A. umbrinella Rydb.	Open sites, grass-forb	1	x		x .
Arnica chamissonis Less.		! !		X	×
ssp. foliosa (Nutt.) Maguire	FR- Wet meadow	1		х	x
A. cordifolia Hook.	FR- Woodland types	}		X	×
A. mollis Hook. A. Seroria	LA- Wet meadow				x
Artemisia arbuscula Nutt.					.
var. arbuscula	AB- Brush type	1 1	x		
var. nova (A. Nels.) Cronq.	FR- Brush type	X		1	+11
A. cana Pursh				}	- } - }
ssp. viscidula (Osterhout) Beetle	OC- Meadow edge	1 (x		} [
A. longiloba (Osterhout) Beetle	FR- Open slopes (Sunflower F1)		х		1 1
A. ludoviciana Nutt.		1 1		' {	
var. ludoviciana	FR- Sagebrush types	1 1	X		-
var. latiloba Nutt.	OC- Brush types	X	- 1		- 1 1
A. tridentata Nutt.		_		ı	- 1- 1
ssp. tridentata	FR- Lower drainage bottoms	$ \mathbf{x} $	X		11
ssp. vaseyana (Rydb.) Beetle	AB- Upper slopes	1	X	X	×
Aster chilensis Nees	OC Provet Conserve	l			-
ssp. adscendens (Lindl.) Cronq.	OC- Brush & aspen	1	Х	X	- }
A. foliaceus Lindl.	OC Tall forb trac			J	1
var. parryi (D. C. Eat.) Gray	OC- Tall forb type FR- Forb types		x		X
A. integrifolius Nutt. A. laevis L.	rk- rold types		^		*
var. geyeri Gray	OC- Roadside (Merritt Mt.)				x
A. perelegans Nels. & Macbr.	FR- Brush & open woods	1	v	x	1 1
A. scopulorum Gray	OC- Low sagebrush	x		1	7 1
Balsamorhiza hookeri Nutt.	OC- Sagebrush (Haystack Cr.)	x	1		
B. sagittata (Pursh) Nutt.	FR- Brush types	11	x		11
Brickellia microphylla (Nutt.) Gray	OC- Sagebrush-grass	x			- { - {
Chaenactis douglasii (Hook.) Hook.&Arn.	do sugestion grass	"		1	- { }
var. achilleaefolia (Hook.&Arn.) A. Nels.	FR- Brush types	\mathbf{x}	x		
var. montana M. E. Jones	OC- Open ridges		x		x
Chrysothamnus nauseosus (Pall.) Britt.		1 1			- { - {
var. albicaulis (Nutt.) Rydb.	IF- Sagebrush type	x			-
var. hololeucus (Gray) Hall	Sagebrush sl. (Wrangle Mt)	1	x		
C. viscidiflorus (Hook.) Nutt.					- 1
var. lanceolatus (Nutt.) Greene	AB- Brush types		х		
var. linifolius (Greene) Kittell	OC- Open slopes		x		
Cirsium eatoni (Gray) Robbins.	OC- Dry slopes	ĺ	х	. (1 1
C. scariosum Nutt.	OC- Moist meadows		x	х	1
C. utahense Petrak	OC- Brush types	x	x		, , , ,
Crepis acuminata Nutt.	FR- Brush types	x	X		
C. modocensis Greene	OC- Brush types		x		
Erigeron aphanactis (Gray) Greene	FR- Sagebrush types	x			1 }
E. argentatus Gray	IF- Brush types	×	X		
]	ı			

		F	rus	ar ar	
Species	Habitat	Lower	Ψ.	ą.	Alpine WBP-A
Erigeron asperugineus (D. C. Eat.) Gray	OC- Open slopes, brush	x	x		1 [
E. bloomeri Gray	OC- Dry slopes, forb-grass	x		1	
E. caespitosus Nutt.	IF- Low sagebrush	\x		-]]
E. chrysopsidis Gray				-1] [
ssp. austinae (Greene) Cronq.	OC- Open ridges		x	Ì	11
E. compositus Pursh E. latus var. discoideus Gray (Pursh) Greene				- 1	
var. discoideus Gray	OC- Brush type	{	x	1	11
E. peregrinus (Pursh) Greene	1] .		- 1	-
ssp. callianthemus (Greene) Cronq.	OC- Damp to wet meadows			X	x
E. pumilus Nutt.	OC- Dry ridgetop		x	1	1 1
E. speciosus (Lindl.) DC.			- (1	
var. macranthus (Nutt.) Cronq.	OC- Forb & aspen types	1	x	x	
E. watsoni (A. Gray) Cronq.	(- [1 1
Grindelia squarrosa (Pursh) Dunal	OC- Miller Creek	$ \mathbf{x} $	1	- 1	
Haplopappus acaulis (Nutt.) Gray	OC- Bare ridges		x	-{	x
H. carthamoides (Hook.) Gray	IF- Open slopes & meadows		x	- }	- 1 - 1
H. lanceolatus (Hook.) Torr. & Gray	Lower flats	x		- 1	-
H. macronema Gray	OC- High slopes	1		- [$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{x}$
H. nanus (Nutt.) D. C. Eat.	Rocky slopes (76 Creek)		x	-{	-
H. stenophyllus Gray	OC- Sagebrush (Haystack Cr.)	x	1	- (
Helianthella uniflora (Nutt.) T. &. G.	FR- Brush, timber edge	1		\mathbf{x}	x
Lactuca pulchella (Pursh) DC.	IF- Roadside, riparian	x		7	}.
Leucelene ericoides (Torr.) Greene	IF- Sagebrush type		x	1	
Lygodesmia spinosa Nutt.	OC- Dry slopes, sagebrush	x	\mathbf{x}	-	, 1
Machaeranthera canescens (Pursh) Gray	OC- Brush types		x	- 1	1
Madia glomerata Hook.	OC- Big Bend Creek		x		j
M. gracilis (Smith) Keck	IF- Sagebrush t.		x	- 1	
Matricaria matricarioides (Less.) Porter	FR- Roadside			x	
Microseris nutans (Geyer) Schultz -Bip.	FR- Brush types	×	x	-1	
M. troximoides Gray	IF- Brush type		x	- 1	- }
Rudbeckia occidentalis Nutt.	OC- Aspen type	}	**	x	x
Senecio canus Hook.	OC- Open ridges & slopes	\v	x		7
S. cymbalarioides Buek.	OC- Brush types	-	x	\mathbf{x}	· }
S. hydrophilus Nutt.	LA- Meadows	x			- [
S. integerrimus Nutt.	IA- Readows	^			- 1
var. exaltatus (Nutt.) Cronq.	FP- Bruch types		x	J.	- -
S. multilobatus T. & G.	FR- Brush types Sagebrush (Merritt Cr.)	^	x		
S. pseudaureus Rydb.					-
S corra Hook and antenthingally	OC- Salix types, meadows			X	
S. serra Hook. 5. 5+vertanthifolius Solidago canadensis L.	OC- Brush & aspen types		^	x	
	IND Discor Letters	1			(
var. salebrosa (Piper) Jones	FR- River bottoms	X			
Stephanomeria exigua Nutt.	Roadside	X			1
Taraxacum officinale Weber	OC- Brush & aspen types		x	X	
Tetradymia canescens DC.	FR- Sagebrush types	X	1		
Townsendia parryi D. C. Eat.	OC- Exposed ridge		x		
Tragopogon dubius Scop.	OC- Sagebrush types			×	
,	i	1	1	- 1	- []

Nevada				Zone	pine
Species	Habitat	Lower Brush	Mt. Brush	Agnen	Alpine WBP-Al
Wyethia amplexicaulis (Nutt.) Nutt. W. helianthoides Nutt.	LA- Heavy soils LA- Damp meadow (Pole Creek)		x	x	
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